

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For

ACUPUNCTURE CANADA

For the year ended

JANUARY 31, 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the directors of

ACUPUNCTURE CANADA

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Acupuncture Canada, which comprise the statement of financial position as at January 31, 2016 and the statements of operations and net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Acupuncture Canada as at January 31, 2016 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Toronto, Ontario

Date to be determined.

ACUPUNCTURE CANADA STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION JANUARY 31, 2016

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
CURRENT ASSETS Cash Short term investments Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 181,196 - - - - - - 188,407	\$ 80,910 153,641 300 17,017 251,868
INVESTMENTS (note 4)	513,523	441,608
TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS (note 5)	3,815	4,883
INTANGIBLE ASSETS (note 6)	91,577	119,773
	\$ 797,322	<u>\$ 818,132</u>
LIABILITIES AND NE	T ASSETS	
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Government remittances payable Deferred revenue (note 7) NET ASSETS Net assets Approved on behalf of the Board: Director	\$ 34,433 17,123 390,988 442,544 354,778 \$ 797,322	\$ 19,070 14,984 377,915 411,969 406,163 \$ 818,132
Director		

(See accompanying notes)

ACUPUNCTURE CANADA STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED JANUARY 31, 2016

Revenue	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Education Membership Examination Interest and other income	\$ 662,490 209,865 102,375 15,712 990,442	\$ 563,030 243,525 107,175 30,455 944,185
Expenses Education (note 8) Administration (note 9) Examination Website development Board and AGM	593,583 342,594 75,449 13,813 16,388 1,041,827	501,989 323,999 84,990 20,736 20,008 951,722
Excess of expenses over revenue	(51,385)	(7,537)
Net assets, beginning of year	406,163	413,700
Net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 354,778</u>	<u>\$ 406,163</u>

(See accompanying notes)

ACUPUNCTURE CANADA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JANUARY 31, 2016

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\wedge	
Excess of expenses over revenue	\$ (51,385)	\$ (7,537)
Adjustments for:		
Amortization	29,264	<u>3,733</u>
	(22,121)	(3,804)
Changes in the level of:))	
Accounts receivable	299	12,690
Prepaid expenses	9,806	30,459
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	15,364	(18,250)
Government remittances payable Deferred revenue	2,139 13,073	12,278 73,685
Deletted revenue	18,560	107,058
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	10,000	<u> 107,000</u>
Proceeds from redemption of investments	81,726	63,033
Purchase of intangible assets		(122,123)
	<u>81,726</u>	<u>(59,090</u>)
WODE ACTIVIDATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	400.000	47.000
INCREASE IN CASH	100,286	47,968
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	80,910	32,942
CASH AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 181,196</u>	\$ 80,910

(See accompanying notes)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JANUARY 31, 2016

1. OBJECTIVE OF THE ORGANIZATION

Acupuncture Canada ("Organization") is incorporated without share capital under the laws of the Federal Government of Canada as a not-for-profit organization. The Organization is established to advise and promote the demonstrated benefits of acupuncture and provide an inclusive and diverse range of integrated continuing education programs in acupuncture and to regulated health professionals. The Organization is a not-for-profit organization and accordingly is exempt from income taxes.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

Revenue recognition

The Organization earned revenue from several sources. The principal sources of revenue and recognition of these revenues for financial statement purposes are as follows:

- a) Membership fees are recognized in the year in which they are relate to.
- b) Education and examination fees are recognized in the year when the courses and examinations take place.
- c) Interest income is recognized on an accrued basis using the effective interest method. Other income is recognized in the year in which it is received.

Deferred revenue and expenses

Deferred revenue and deferred expenses are amounts collected or incurred during the year related to membership, courses, and examinations which will take place in the subsequent fiscal year.

Tangible capital assets and intangible assets

Tangible capital assets and intangible assets are stated at cost and are amortized over the useful life of each asset. Amortization is provided using the following basis and annual rates:

Furniture and equipment

Computer hardware

Computer software

Course license

Website

- 20% declining balance
- 30% declining balance
- 100% straight line
- 20% straight line
- 25% straight line

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Cont'd.

YEAR ENDED JANUARY 31, 2016

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Cont'd.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions which affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates include estimates of the collectibility of accounts receivable, determination of accrued liabilities and the useful life and amortization of tangible capital assets and intangible assets. While management believes that these estimates and assumptions are reasonable, actual results could vary significantly.

Financial instruments

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value.

With the exception of cash, the Organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include short-term investments, accounts receivable and investments. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities and government remittances payable.

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of the Organization's risk exposure and concentrations. The Organization does not use derivative financial instruments to manage its risks.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Organization will incur a loss due to the failure by its members or other parties to meet their contractual obligations. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Organization to significant concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash, investments and accounts receivable. The Organization limits its exposure to credit risk by placing its cash, short-term investments, and investments with high credit quality financial institutions.

The Organization manages its credit risk on accounts receivable by collecting all fees from members prior to attending the course. Management believes that all accounts receivable at year end will be collected.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization will not be able to meet its obligations as they fall due. All of the Organization's financial liabilities are due within 12 months from January 31, 2016.

It is the Organization's intention to meet these obligations through the use of cash and investments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Cont'd. YEAR ENDED JANUARY 31, 2016

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - Cont'd.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of market factors and is comprised of currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

i) Currency risk

The Organization is exposed to currency exchange risk by virtue of the fact that it transacts in currencies other than the Canadian dollar. At year-end, approximately \$679 (2015 - \$618) of the Organization's cash was denominated in US dollars.

ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. All of the Organization's financial assets and liabilities are non-interest bearing except cash and investments which bear interest rates disclosed in note 4.

iii) Other price risk

Other price risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future associated cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all similar instruments traded in the market. As disclosed in note 4, the Organization has investments in guaranteed investment certificates which bear interest that is linked to the performance of bank stocks. Since the capital on these investments is guaranteed, the Organization is not subject to significant other price risk.

Changes in risk

There have been no significant changes to the Organization's risk exposure from prior year.

4. INVESTMENTS

Long term investments are guaranteed investment certificates with a maturity date greater than one year from the year-end date. Interest is earned at fixed rates ranging between 0.33% and 0.66% and the investments mature from May 2017 to March 2018. Included in long term investments are two guaranteed investment certificates totaling \$200,069 that bear interest that is linked to bank stocks that may have a maximum return of 10%, determined at maturity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Cont'd. YEAR ENDED JANUARY 31, 2016

5. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

Tangible capital assets consist of the following:

		20	16				015	
			Acc	umulated	-		Acc	umulated
		<u>Cost</u>	amo	ortization_	- ((Cost	am	<u>ortization</u>
						<i></i>		
Furniture and equipment	\$	30,223	\$	27,044	\$	30,223	\$	26,249
Computer hardware		36,091		35,455	(A)m	36,091		35,182
Computer software		<u>/ 3,697</u>		3,697	(50)	3,697		3,697
	/	70,011	<u>\$</u>	66,196	7/1	70,011	<u>\$</u>	65,128
		00 100	>	77	had J	0= 400		
Accumulated amortization	/-	66,196		(C)) —	<u>65,128</u>		
Net book value	<u> </u>	3,815		(0)	<u>\$</u>	4,883		

Included in administration expenses is \$1,068 (2015 \$1,383) in amortization of tangible capital assets.

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	20	16			20	015	
	Cost		umulated ortization		Cost		umulated ortization
Course license Website	\$ 46,673 75,450 122,123	\$ <u>\$</u>	10,112 20,434 30,546	\$ 	46,673 75,450 122,123	\$ <u>\$</u>	778 1,572 2,350
Accumulated amortization	30,546			_	2,350		
**	\$ 91,577			\$	119,773		

Included in administration expenses is \$18,862 (2015 - \$2,350) of amortization of intangible asset, website. Included in education expenses is \$9,334 (2015 - nil) of amortization of intangible asset, course license.

7. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue consists of the following:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Membership revenue Seminar revenue Examination revenue	\$ 145,418 183,215 <u>62,355</u>	\$ 122,145 217,670 38,100
	\$ 390,988	<u>\$ 377,915</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Cont'd. YEAR ENDED JANUARY 31, 2016

8. EDUCATION EXPENSES

Education expenses consist of the following:	lowing:	of the	consist	expenses	Education
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	_	James		
		2016	<u>2015</u>	
Faculty fees		\$ 182,600	\$ 146,70)0
Food and room rental		169,203	136,85	58
Course development fees		127,376	117,68	38
Course supplies		72,484	30,19	
Travel		28,572	25,16	37
DVD & licence costs (note 6)		9,827	31,42	25
Education website development		3,521	13,95	<u>54</u>
•		(40)		
		\$ 593,583	\$ 501,98	<u> 39</u>

9. ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

Administration expenses consist of the following:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Salaries and benefits	\$ 202,553	\$ 211,949
Legal and accounting fees	18,377	26,046
Bank charges	27,536	28,503
Advocacy fees /) 7	3,609	2,639
Rent expenses	38,092	27,763
General and office expenses (note 5 and 6)	46,287	21,394
Telephone expenses	 6,140	 5,705
	\$ 342,594	\$ 323,999

10. **COMMITMENTS**

The Organization has entered into leases for the office premises (expiring in June 2019) and the photocopiers (expiring in March 2017). The minimum lease payments are as follows:

2017	(A)	\$	16,512
2018	4,90		16,562
2019			17,562
2020			7,400
	<u> </u>	\$	58,036
		<u>Ψ</u>	00,000

The Organization has overdraft protection of \$50,000, bearing interest at prime plus 5% per annum. No amount has been drawn on this line of credit as at January 31, 2016 (2015 - Nil).

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Certain members of the board are also faculty members, participating as lecturers, facilitators, and examiners. The remuneration paid to these members in the year amount to \$19,600 (2015 - \$45,900). These amounts were paid in the normal course of operations and determined based on other similar arrangements with unrelated parties and recorded at the exchange amount.